

DT9205A Digital Multimeter



1. INTRODUCTION

The DT9205A Digital Multimeter is a precision, battery powered, 3-1/2 digit LCD Digital Instrument.

- High accuracy
- Digit height 33mm
- Single 32 position rotary switch for FUNCTION and RANGE selection, allows fast and convenient operation.
- Curvilinear soft case.
- Auto-Power Off

2. GENERAL SPECIFICATION

- Display: 3-1/2 digits LCD with a maximum reading of 1999.
- Measurement rate: updates 2-3 sec.
- Over range indication: "1" figure only in the display
- Automatic negative polarity indication.
- The BAT symbol is displayed when the battery voltage drops below the operating voltage.
- Full range over load protection.
- Capacitance measurement Auto-zeroing.
- Auto Power Off. Automatic cut off approx. 15 minutes after the power on. It needs to be switched off and on again to continue operation.
- Operating temperature: 0°C~40°C, 0~75% R.H. Storage temperature: -10°C~50°C, 0~75% R.H.
- Power: Single standard 9V battery.
- Dimensions: 191mm L x 89mm W x 35mm H.
- Weight: approx 310g (including battery)
- Accessories: test leads, spare fuse 0.5A (in case), Operating instructions.

3. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Accuracy is given as $\pm$ (% of reading + number of least significant digits) for one year, at 23°C $\pm$ 5°C RH<75%

3.1 DCV

Range	Accuracy
200mV	0.5% $\pm$ 1
2V	
20V	
200V	
1000V	0.8% $\pm$ 2

Input impedance: 10M Ω on all ranges.



ELECTRO
SISTEMAS

3.2 ACV

Range	Accuracy
200mV	1.2% $\pm$ 3
2V	0.8% $\pm$ 2
20V	
200V	
750V	1.2% $\pm$ 3

Input impedance: 10M Ω Frequency range: 40 ~ 400Hz

3.3 DCA

Range	Accuracy
2mA	1% $\pm$ 3
20mA	
200mA	1.8% $\pm$ 3
20A	2% $\pm$ 5

Measuring voltage drop: 200mV

3.4 ACA

Range	Accuracy
2mA	0.8% $\pm$ 1
20mA	
200mA	1.2% $\pm$ 1
20A	2% $\pm$ 5

Measuring voltage drop: 200mV Frequency range 40 ~ 400Hz

3.5 CAPACITANCE

Range	Accuracy
2nF	2.5% $\pm$ 3
20nF	
200nF	
2uF	
20uF	

3.6 OHM

Range	Accuracy
200 Ω	0.8% $\pm$ 3
2K Ω	0.8% $\pm$ 1
20K Ω	
200K Ω	
2M Ω	
20M Ω	1% $\pm$ 2
200M Ω	5% $\pm$ 1

4. PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATIONS FOR MEASUREMENT

1. Ensure the battery is correctly placed in the battery compartment.
2. Do not exceed the input limits shown below:

Function Range	Input Terminals	Maximum Input
DCV 200mV	V/OHM COM	250VDC
ACV 200mV		250VAC
DCV 2~1000V		1000 VDC
ACV 2~750V		750VAC
OHM	V/OHM COM	250V DC/AC
Diode	V/OHM COM	
DCA 200mA	A COM	200mA DC/AC
ACA 200mA		2A DC/AC
DCA2A		
ACA2A		
DCA 20A	20A COM	20A DC/AC

3. Inspect the test leads for damaged insulation or exposed metal. Check Test lead continuity. Damaged leads should be replaced.
4. Select the proper function and range for your measurement
5. Check the input terminal position for red test lead depending on measurement ranges.
6. Either one of the test leads should be removed from the circuit under test when changing the test ranges.
7. To avoid electrical shock or damage to the meter Do not apply more than 500V between any terminal and earth ground.
8. To avoid electrical shock, use caution when working above 60VDC or 25VAC rms. Such voltage poses a shock hazard.
9. When measurement is completed switch off the power. Remove the battery when not used for extended periods to avoid leakage problems.
10. Do not tamper with the circuitry to avoid damage.
11. Do not use or store the instrument in conditions of high temperature and high humidity.

5. METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

5.1 DCV & ACV MEASUREMENT

1. Set the Function range switch at the required position.
2. Connect black test lead to "COM" terminal and red test lead to the "V/OHM" input terminal.
3. Connect test leads to measuring point and read the display value. The polarity of the red lead connection will be indicated at the same time as the voltage.

Note:

- a. If the voltage to be tested is unknown beforehand, set the Function range switch to the highest range and work down.
- b. When only the figure "1" is displayed over range is being indicated and the function range switch has to be set to a higher range.
- c. Never try to measure voltage above 1000V! Although indication is possible, there is danger of damaging the internal circuitry.

5.2 DCA & ACA MEASUREMENT

1. Connect the black test lead to the "COM" terminal and the red test lead to "A" terminal for a maximum of 0.5A
2. Set the function range switch at the required position.
3. Connect test leads to measuring points and read the display value. The polarity at the red test lead connection will be indicated at the same time as the current.

Note:

- a. If the current range is unknown beforehand, set the function range switch to the highest range and work down.
- b. When only the figure "1" is displayed, over range is being indicated and the function range switch has to be set to a higher range.

- c. When the input is from the "A" terminal, excessive current will blow the fuse which must then be replaced. Fuse value is 0.5A.
- d. The 20A range is not protected by a fuse and has a maximum 10A continuous current rating. The 20A range measurement time should not exceed 15 seconds.

5.3 RESISTANCE MEASUREMENT

1. Connect black test lead to "COM" terminal and red test lead to the "V/OHM" input terminal.
2. Set the function range switch to the OHM range.
3. Connect the test leads across the resistance under measurement and read the display value.

Note:

- a. The polarity of the red test lead is "+".
- b. When the input is not connected, i.e at open circuit, the figure "1" will be displayed for the over range condition.
- c. If the resistance value being measured exceeds the maximum value of the range selected an over range indication "1" will be displayed and function range switch must be set to a higher range.
- d. 200MΩ range has a 10 digits (1MΩ) constant. This figure will appear in short circuit status and it should be subtracted from any measurement result on this range. For instance: when measuring a 100MΩ resistor a figure of 101.0 will be shown in the display. A value of 1MΩ should be subtracted from the indicated value.

5.4 CAPACITANCE MEASUREMENT

1. Set the function range switch to the "Cx" position. Before connecting the capacitor, wait until the display automatically zeros.
2. Connect the test capacitor to the "Cx" input socket (not test leads) and read the display value.

Note:

The tested capacitor should be discharged before the testing procedure. Never apply voltage to the "Cx" input socket, or serious damage may result.

5.5 DIODE & CONTINUITY TEST

1. Set the function range switch to the  position.
2. Connect the black test lead to "COM" terminal and red test lead to V/OHM input terminal; (Note: the polarity of the red test lead is "+").
3. This range has an "AUDIBLE CONTINUITY TEST" function. Built-in buzzer sounds if the resistance between the two probes is less than $30 \pm 10 \Omega$.
4. Connect the test leads across the diode and read the display value.

Note:

- a. When the input is not connected, i.e. at open circuit, the figure "1" will be displayed
- b. Test condition: Forward DC current approx 1mA. Reversed DC voltage approx. 2.8V
- c. The meter displays the forward voltage drop and displays figure "1" for overload when the diode is reversed.

5.6 TRANSISTOR hFE TEST

1. Set the function range switch to the "hFE" position.
2. Determine whether the transistor is "NPN" or "PNP" type.
3. Correctly insert transistor into E.B.C connector.
4. Displayed reading is approx. transistor hFE value.

Note:

Test condition: Base current approx 10uA. Vce approx. 2.8V

6. BATTERY AND FUSE REPLACEMENT

1. Battery and fuse replacement should only be performed after the test leads have been disconnected and power turned off.
2. Loosen screws with suitable screwdriver and remove case bottom
3. The meter is power by a single 9V battery. Snap the battery connector leads to the terminals of a new battery and reinsert the battery into the case top. Arrange the battery leads so that they will not be pinched between the case bottom and case top.
4. The meter is protected by a fast fuse 0.5A/250V. Fuse dimensions are 5mmΦ x 20mm.
5. Replace the case bottom and reinstall the three screws. Never operate the meter unless the case bottom is in place.



ELECTRO
SISTEMAS